Sample Web

Graduated from Morehouse College in 1948

Married Coretta Scott and had four children

Born in 1929 in Atlanta, Georgia

Son of a pastor of the Ebenezer Baptist Church

Was arrested several times in the 1950s and 1960s

Organized civil rights activities first in the south and then nationwide

Believed in nonviolent resistance

Besides advocating civil rights, he also began to speak out against the Vietnam war and poverty.

Awarded Nobel Peace Prize in 1964

Beginning of his career

Childhood and young adulthood

Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. Minister and civil rights leader

Turning point

Assassination

On April 4, 1968, MLK was shot and killed while standing on the balcony of the motel.

MLK went to Memphis, Tennessee, to support striking sanitation workers, where he stayed in a motel.

This motel is now a civil rights museum.

A protest he led in Birmingham, Alabama, in 1963 brought him worldwide attention.

March on Washington

What he wrote

Stride Toward Freedom (1958)

Why We Can't Wait (1964)

Where Do We Go From Here: Chaos or Communities? (1967)

200,000 people attended

The march was held in August 1963.

MLK was one of the organizers of the march and this is where he gave his famous "I Have A Dream" speech.