Plessy v. Ferguson

1. Description
What: The Supreme Court ruled that "separate but equal" facilities were legal.
Time Period: Plessy acted on June 7, 1892, and the case was heard in 1896.
Location: It occurred on a Louisiana train and in the Supreme Court.

2. Cause and Outcome
Cause: Plessy, a light-skinned black, sat in the "white" car of the train and identified himself as black to challenge the Separate Car Act.
Reason: Plessy and his lawyer believed the act violated the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Amendments to the Constitution.
Result: This lead to the "separate but equal" doctrine to be spread to other aspects of public life.

3. Importance
Significance: This court case made it legal for other areas of life to be segregated, such as schools, buses, and even drinking fountains.
To Whom: People of color were most affected because seldom were the facilities equal as the law ordered.

4. Interesting Facts
Additional Information: It required another court case in 1954 to stop "separate but equal" from being law, and that was Brown v. the Board of Education.

5. Personal Connection
Personal Connection: Plessy v. Ferguson negatively influenced the lives of Americans and caused racism to flourish.

Cut out your trading card along the dotted line, fold in half, and tape the sides together.